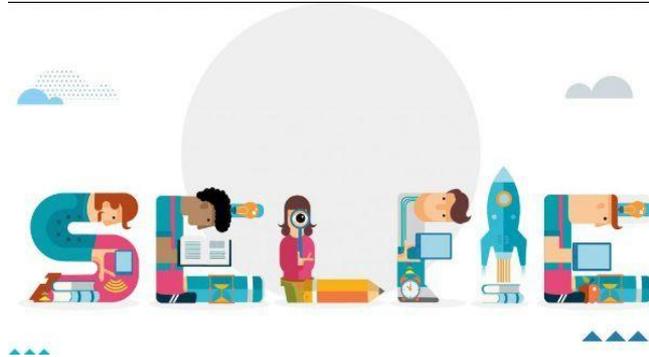
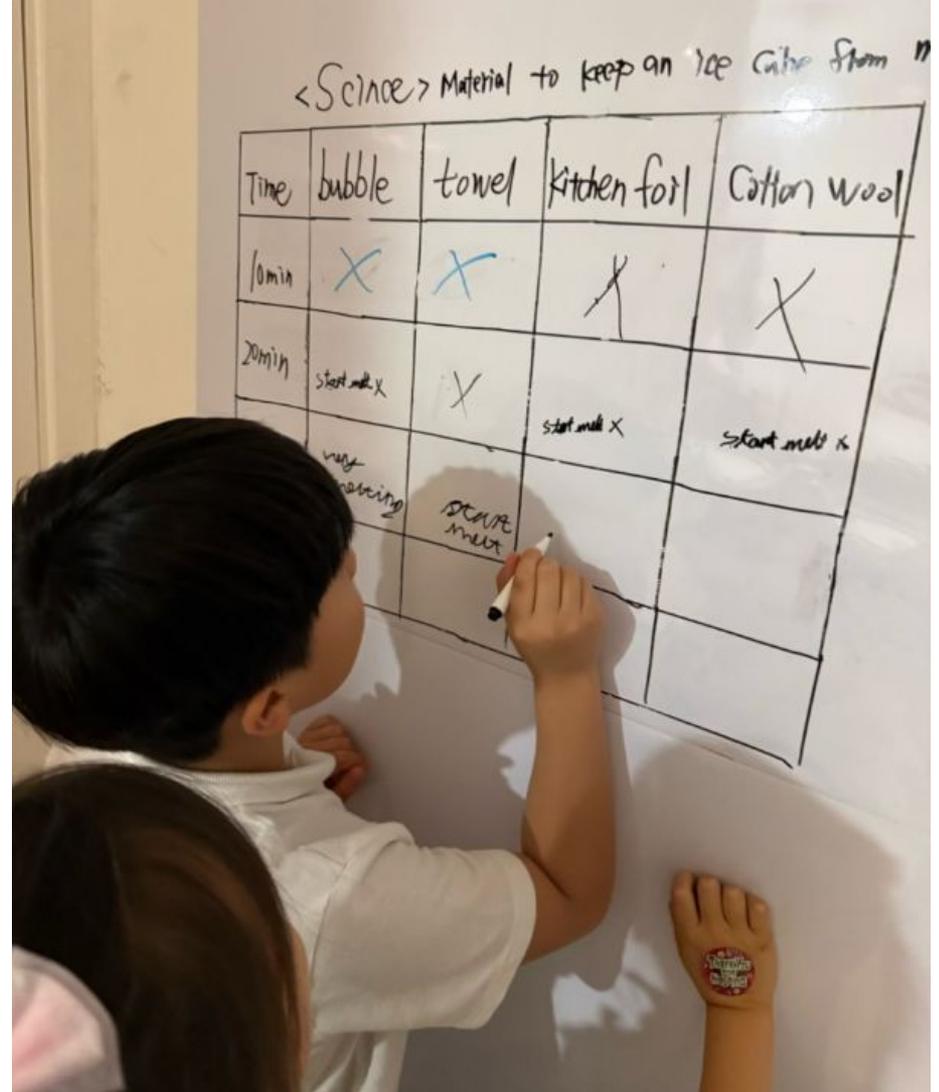
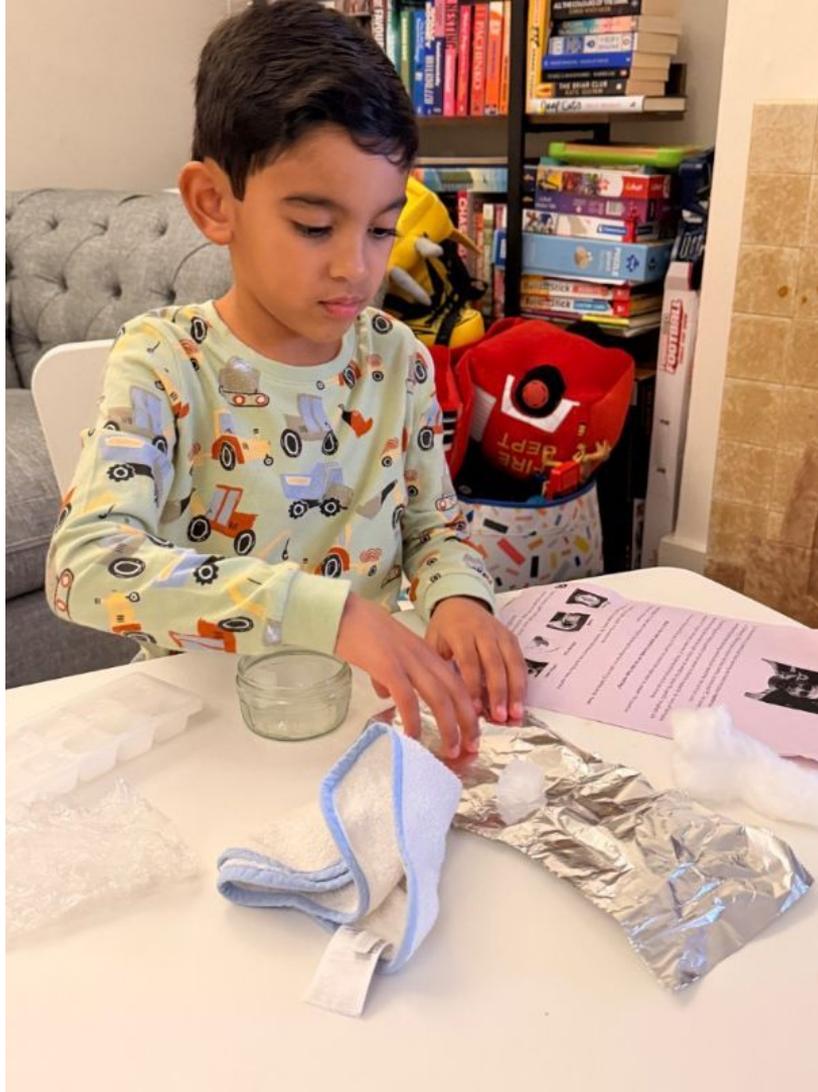


Burlington's Science Selfie Challenge



These two classmates did the science homework together to see which material stops the ice cubes from melting the fastest. They checked the ice cubes every 10 minutes and wrote down their observations. Well done to you both!





This boy read the instructions for the science homework and prepared the materials (bubble wrap, kitchen foil, towel and cotton wool). He then started wrapping each ice cube using the 4 materials and waited for 10 minutes to unwrap them and make his observations. He listed the materials in order based on which ice cube melted the fastest: 1. kitchen foil, 2. bubble wrap, 3. towel, 4. cotton wool. Adam then re-wrapped the ice cubes and waited for another 10 mins to re-do his observations. Well done!

This girl loved taking home one of our Science Whizz Bags. She especially loved bug hunting in the garden!





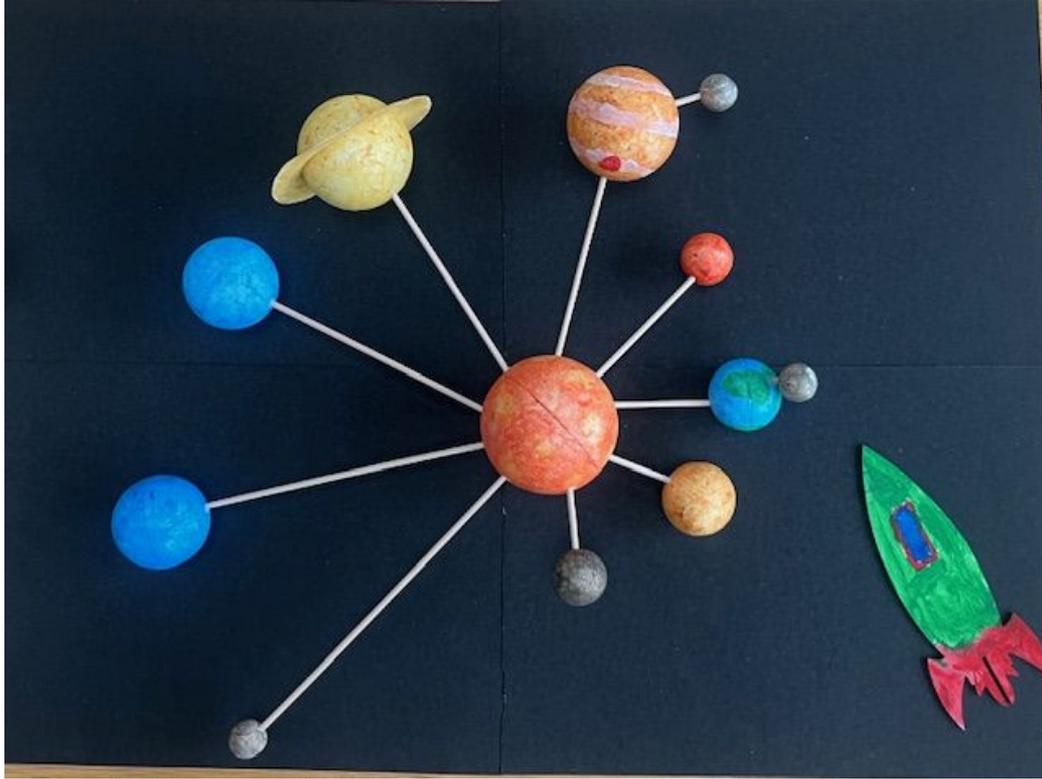
This boy visited the British Library in Kings Cross St Pancras and was very impressed by the enormous number of books. He also explored the Treasures of the British Library exhibition, where he saw some of the oldest and most important books in the world, including works by Shakespeare and ancient religious texts from different countries. Some of these books are several hundred years old.



This boy was invited to Numatic International, home of the Henry Hoover. He discovered how technology and science evolved over the years and how Henry Hoover changed as science became more advanced, leading to a better Henry. He explored the factory and learnt how the Numatic vacuums are made; millions of tiny bits of plastic are going through pipes all over the factory that are then melted and formed to create parts, then the vacuum is assembled by hand. He also helped load the completed Charles vacuums onto a crate, ready for delivery to a store.

This girl enjoyed learning about the planets and creating her solar system for this term's science homework.





Arthur in Sapphires and his Mummy did the science homework - they created the solar system and spent a lot of time painting the rings and red spot on Jupiter and getting the sun just right! They had lots of fun doing it and learnt a lot about our solar system!

This boy did an experiment at home making lava lamps with sunflower oil, food colouring, water and bicarbonate of soda!





This girl made a model of the solar system using polystyrene balls. She looked for pictures of each planet and painted them the correct colours.



This boy made this fantastic model of the solar system and loved learning about all the planets.





This boy had a wonderful time working on his space project. He happily coloured all the planets, giving extra attention to Jupiter's famous Great Red Spot. He especially loved drawing, colouring, and cutting out the rocket.



This girl went to an exhibition at the Natural History Museum called Space: Could life exist beyond earth? She was able to touch and smell some meteorites and discover what parameters are needed to have life on other planets.



Mission to detect extraterrestrial signals

Loss of SETI
SETI Institute

Estimated 2018

SETI (The Search for Extraterrestrial Intelligence) is a project that searches for signals from other planets in the universe, looking for life beyond Earth. It is a project of the SETI Institute, a non-profit organization that has been searching for signals from other planets since 1984. The SETI Institute is a leading organization in the field of SETI research and has been instrumental in the development of many of the most advanced SETI technologies today.



<p>Venus Venus</p> 	<p>Venus is the second planet from the sun. Venus is also the 2nd planet from the sun.</p>	<p>Jupiter is the largest planet and is my favorite planet.</p> 	<p>Saturn has a blue ring and is the 6th planet from the sun.</p> 
<p>Earth</p> 	<p>Earth is the 3rd planet from the sun and the only planet with people in it.</p> 	<p>Uranus is the 7th planet from the sun and has a green color.</p> 	<p>Neptune is the 8th planet from the sun and has a blue color.</p> 
<p>Mars</p> 	<p>Mars is called the red planet. Mars is the 4th planet from the sun.</p>		



Eileen did this brilliant model of the solar system and included a sheet of interesting facts about each planet!

This girl enjoyed using her science circuit board kit. She made different circuits - one which made a small ball float in the air and one which made traffic lights - what fun!



Adrian in Jupiter did this fantastic picture of the solar system!



These children worked together in Acorns to make a model of the solar system!





This boy made the solar system by cutting out shapes from different coloured card. He included a volcano on Mars, a ring on Saturn and drew storm spots on Jupiter and Uranus as they are gas planets. He initially attached the Sun and the planets to sticks but then decided to display them stuck to our window so that the dark outside looked like space. In the photo he said the flash light looks like the shining moon! Well done!



20/01/2026
Gummy bear experiment.
I put 3 gummy bears into the water in the morning.
After school the gummy bears had lots of bubbles around them.
The gummy bears are big.

21/01/2026
I came back from parrots and I checked the gummy bears. One was bigger in colour and bigger.

22/01/2026
The gummy bears are a bit lighter in colour, it is almost transparent.

25/01/2026
When I came back from school I took a gummy bear out of the glass of water. The gummy bears were so soft and squishy. They lost all their colour.

This girl had so much fun doing the gummy bears experiment and documented her observations. Well done!