

Dear Parents and Carers,

We will miss seeing your child and working with them. We have provided an overview of the main learning that we had planned to teach this week. We have provided a series of activities that your child can complete at home. There is also a list of websites emailed to all parents/carers that will support home learning e.g. Twinkl, Phonics Play. There will be exercise books available from the office for the children to complete their work in. We understand this is a challenging time so there is no expectation for all set work to be completed.

Best wishes, we hope to see you soon.

Weekly updates will follow.

From The Year 2 Team.

Maths Week 1

This week the learning focus is telling the time. In Year 2 the expectation is children can confidently tell the time to o'clock, half past, quarter past and quarter to. Some children will also be able to tell the time to the nearest 5 minutes, e.g. 25 minutes past 8.

English / Geography Week 1

The children have been learning about where chocolate can grow and have been focusing on learning about the country Brazil. This week the children will be preparing a project on Brazil. The project can be presented in a variety of formats, e.g. posters, fact file and powerpoints. Within the project the children should be comparing different human and physical features between England and Brazil.

Phonics

<https://www.phonicsplay.co.uk/>

Science Week 1

This week we are investigating how we can change the shape of different objects by either pushing, pulling, twisting and stretching. Can you find different objects in your home and investigate how the shape can be changed and then record your findings, e.g. in a table such as below.

| Object | Can you twist it? | Can you squash it? | Can you bend it? | Can you stretch it? |
|------------|-------------------|--------------------|------------------|---------------------|
| Ball | | | | |
| Plasticine | | | | |
| Loo Roll | | | | |
| Coin | | | | |

Art / DT

Make a card or a present for Mother's Day, or someone special.

PE

It is important to take part in exercise at this time. Below are 2 different websites with daily activities you can do at home:

Joe Wicks Kids activities:

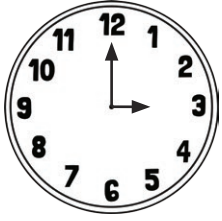
<https://www.youtube.com/playlist?list=PLyCLOpd4VxBvPHOpzoEk5onAEbq40g2-k>

Cosmic Kids Yoga:

<https://www.youtube.com/user/CosmicKidsYoga>

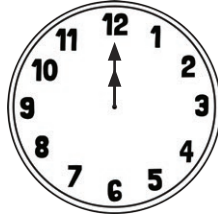
Tell the Time: Writing the Time

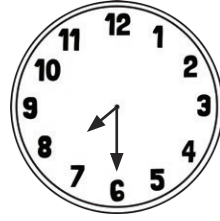
Write the time shown on each clock.



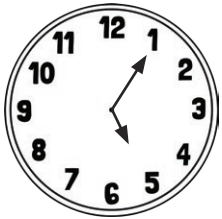




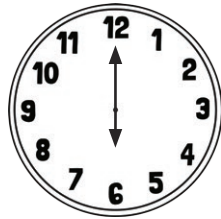


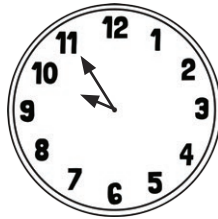


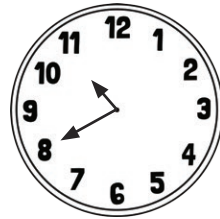






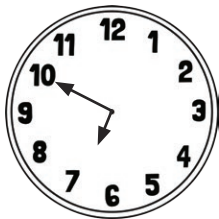


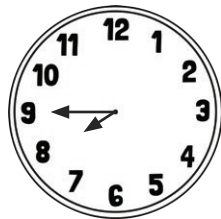


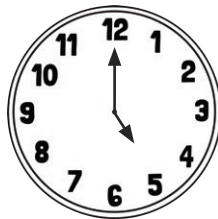


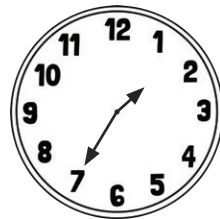


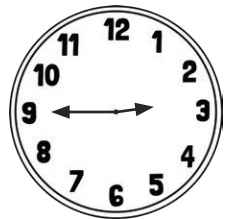


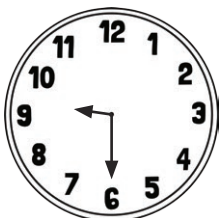


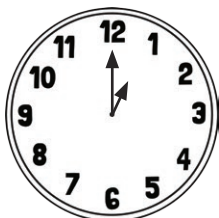


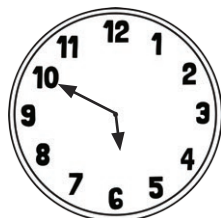


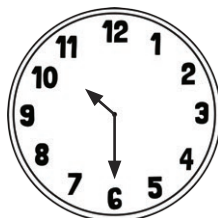




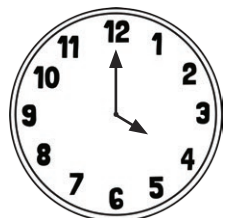






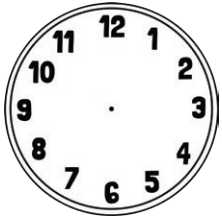




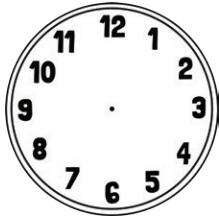


Tell the Time: Drawing the Time

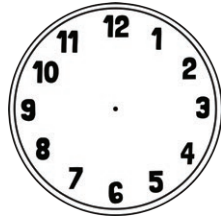
Draw the time on each clock.



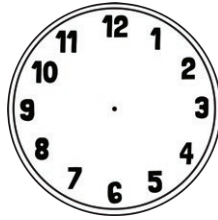
9 o'clock



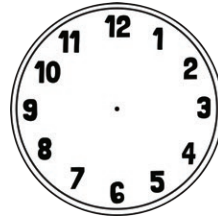
half past 3



10 to 5



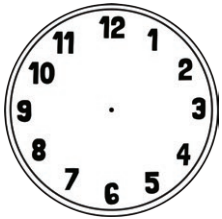
25 past 4



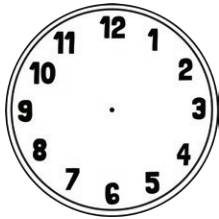
quarter past 2



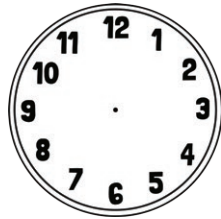
half past 12



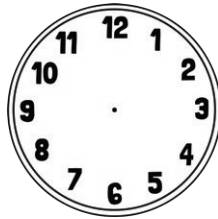
20 to 11



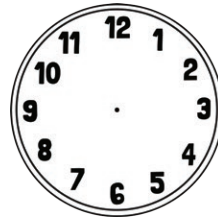
3 o'clock



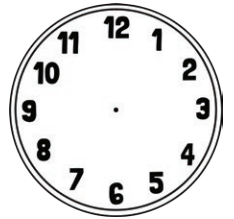
half past 9



25 to 5



quarter to 1



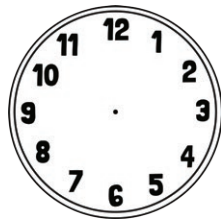
10 to 7



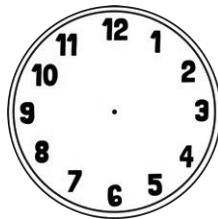
quarter to 8



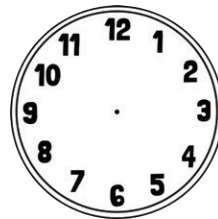
10 o'clock



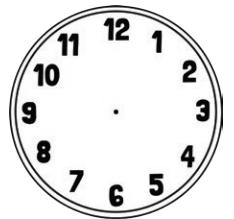
half past 6



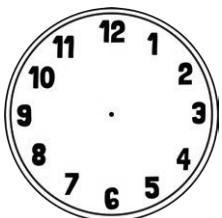
25 to 1



half past 7



quarter past 8



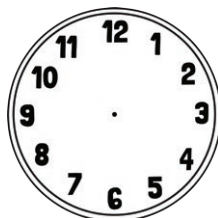
20 to 10



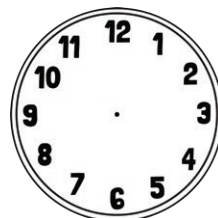
20 past 12



25 past 11



10 to 4



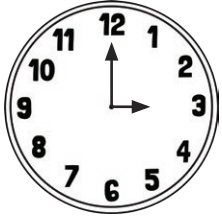
half past 6



2 o'clock

Tell the Time: Writing the Time

Answers



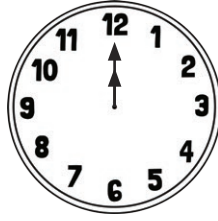
3 o'clock



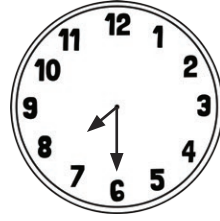
5 past 9



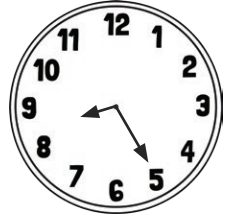
20 to 1



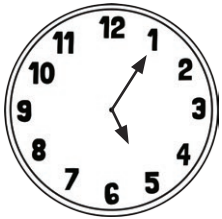
12 o'clock



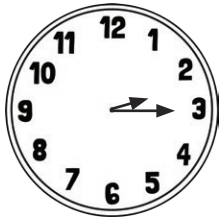
half past 7



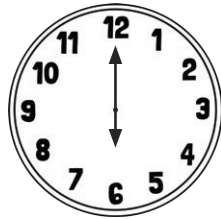
25 past 8



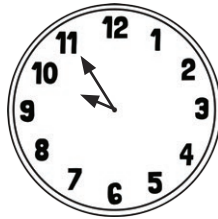
5 past 5



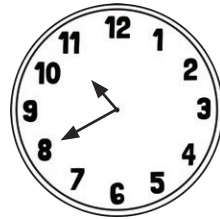
quarter past 2



6 o'clock



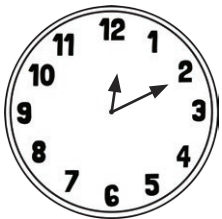
5 to 10



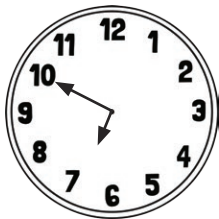
20 to 11



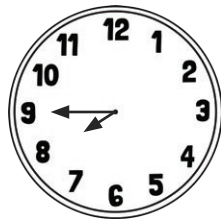
11 o'clock



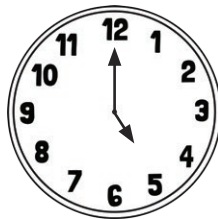
10 past 12



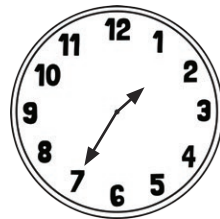
10 to 7



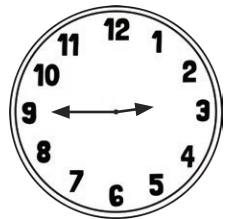
quarter to 8



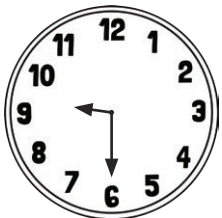
5 o'clock



25 to 2



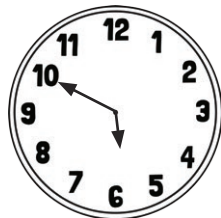
quarter to 3



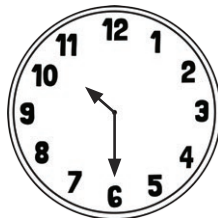
half past 9



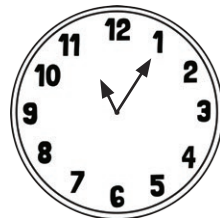
1 o'clock



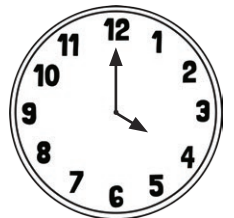
10 to 6



half past 10



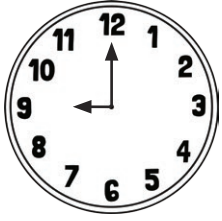
5 past 11



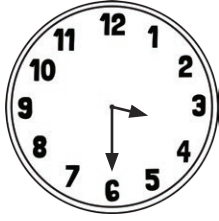
4 o'clock

Tell the Time: Drawing the Time

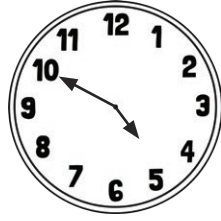
Answers



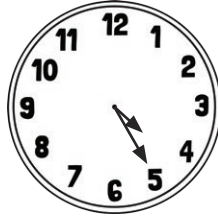
9 o'clock



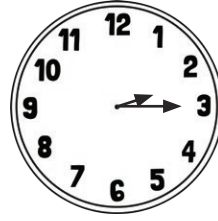
half past 3



10 to 5



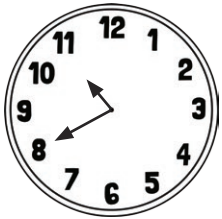
25 past 4



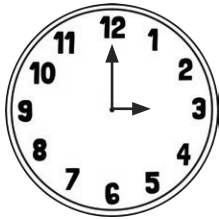
quarter past 2



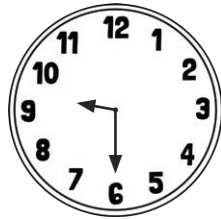
half past 12



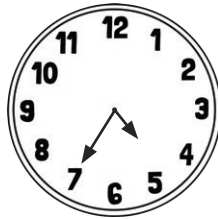
20 to 11



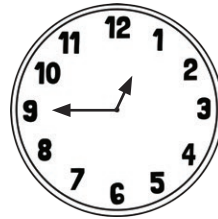
3 o'clock



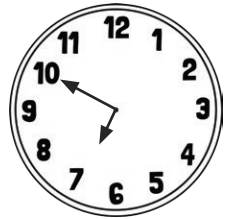
half past 9



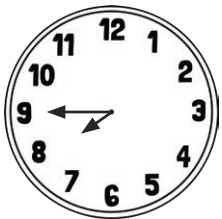
25 to 5



quarter to 1



10 to 7



quarter to 8



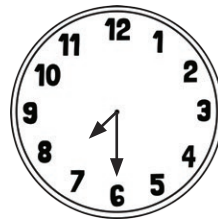
10 o'clock



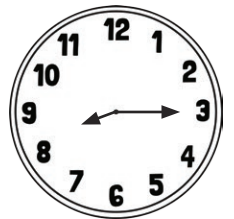
half past 6



25 to 1



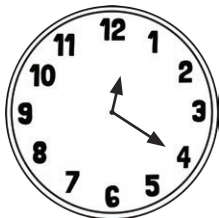
half past 7



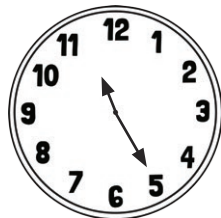
quarter past 8



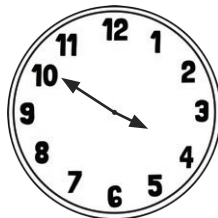
20 to 10



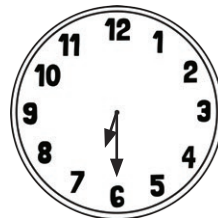
20 past 12



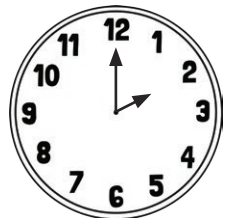
25 past 11



10 to 4



half past 6



2 o'clock

England and Brazil Comparison



Aim

- To understand geographical similarities and differences through the study of human and physical geography of a region of the United Kingdom and a region within South America.

Similarities and Differences

Draw two columns in your book and label them as the table shows below.

| Similarities | Differences |
|--------------|-------------|
| | |



Talk to your partner and write down things that you think may be similar about England and Brazil and things that may be different. As you read the information in this presentation, add to your columns.

England and Brazil: Key Facts

England

Population:
53 million



Location: Western Europe

Currency: British Pound
(Sterling)

Area: 130,279 km²

Capital City: London

Language: English

Brazil

Population: 207.7 million

Location: South America

Currency: Brazilian real

Area: 8.516 million km²

Capital City: Brasilia

Language: Portuguese



England and Brazil: Climate

England does not experience extreme changes in weather and generally has warm summers and cool winters.

The climate in England is called temperate maritime, which means that temperatures don't usually drop much below 0°C in winter and don't often rise above 32°C in summer.

On average, England experiences around 133 days of precipitation (rain or snowfall) each year.



England and Brazil: Climate

Brazil's temperature rarely drops below 20°C all year long, except for in mountainous regions.

Due to its size, the climate varies from one region to another. It tends to be hot and arid in central Brazil and more humid and sticky in the tropical areas of the Amazon rainforest.



England and Brazil: Famous Landmarks

Stonehenge

In around 2500 BC, Stonehenge was created in Salisbury, Wiltshire. No one really knows why it was built but some historians believe that it may have been a site for burials, healing, ceremonies, or as a temple to the sun.

The larger stones around the outside of the circle are called the Sarsen Stones, the largest of which weighs about 35 tonnes!



The smaller stones in the centre came from Wales and are called the Blue Stones.

England and Brazil: Famous Landmarks

Christ the Redeemer

Christ the Redeemer is a statue of Jesus Christ which stands proudly above the city of Rio de Janeiro, Brazil. The statue was built as a Roman Catholic monument and symbol of Brazilian Christianity.

It was designed by a French Sculptor called Paul Landowski and built by a Brazilian engineer Heitor Da Silva Costa in 1922.

Construction of the statue took ten years and stands 30 metres tall. The outstretched arms of Jesus span 28 metres, making it the largest art-deco style sculpture in the world.



England and Brazil: Highest Point

Scafell Pike

Scafell Pike is the highest mountain in England. It stands 978 metres above sea level and is in the Lake District, Cumbria.

Formed 450 million years ago, Scafell Pike is an igneous rock formation.

The quickest route to the summit takes two to three hours and once at the top, you get 360° views of the surrounding area.

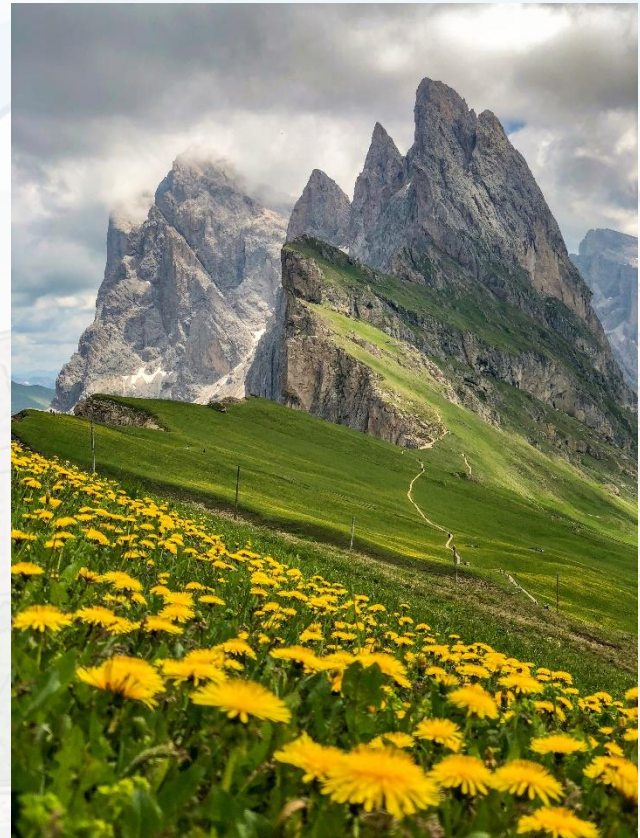


England and Brazil: Highest Point

Pico da Neblina

Pico da Neblina is the highest mountain in Brazil. It is 2995 metres above sea level and is found on the Brazil-Venezuela border. In English, Pico da Neblina means 'peak of the mists', which reflects the fact that the summit is normally covered by clouds.

The mountain is home to 200 species of hardwood trees and is a habitat for reptiles, such as turtles, caiman and snakes as well as the blue-and-yellow macaw birds.



England and Brazil: Famous Buildings

Buckingham Palace

Buckingham Palace is the Queen's official home in London. The palace was built in 1703 but Queen Victoria was the first monarch to take up residence there on 13 July 1837.

The palace has hundreds of rooms, including its own post office and cinema.

When the Queen is in the palace, the Royal Standard (the royal flag) can be seen flying from the flagpole on top of Buckingham Palace.

Famously, soldiers wearing red jackets and tall, furry hats (bearskins) guard the palace 24 hours a day. The palace is a popular tourist site in London.



England and Brazil: Famous Buildings

Teatro Amazonas

The Amazon Theatre is an opera house in the heart of the Brazilian rainforest. Work on the building began in 1884 and was finished 15 years later. The grand building has 198 chandeliers and materials were found from all over the world to create the building.

The opera house is an important part of Brazilian history and culture and today, hosts many events including the Amazonas film festival.



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England and Brazil: Rivers

River Severn

England's longest river is the River Severn, which is 220 miles long. Its source is in the Welsh highlands and its mouth is near Bristol in the south of England. There are over 100 bridges along the length of the Severn as it flows through many towns and cities.

The River Thames is England's second longest river and only five miles shorter than the Severn, at 215 miles long. The River Thames famously runs through the capital city of London and eventually runs into the North Sea at the Thames Estuary.



England and Brazil: Rivers

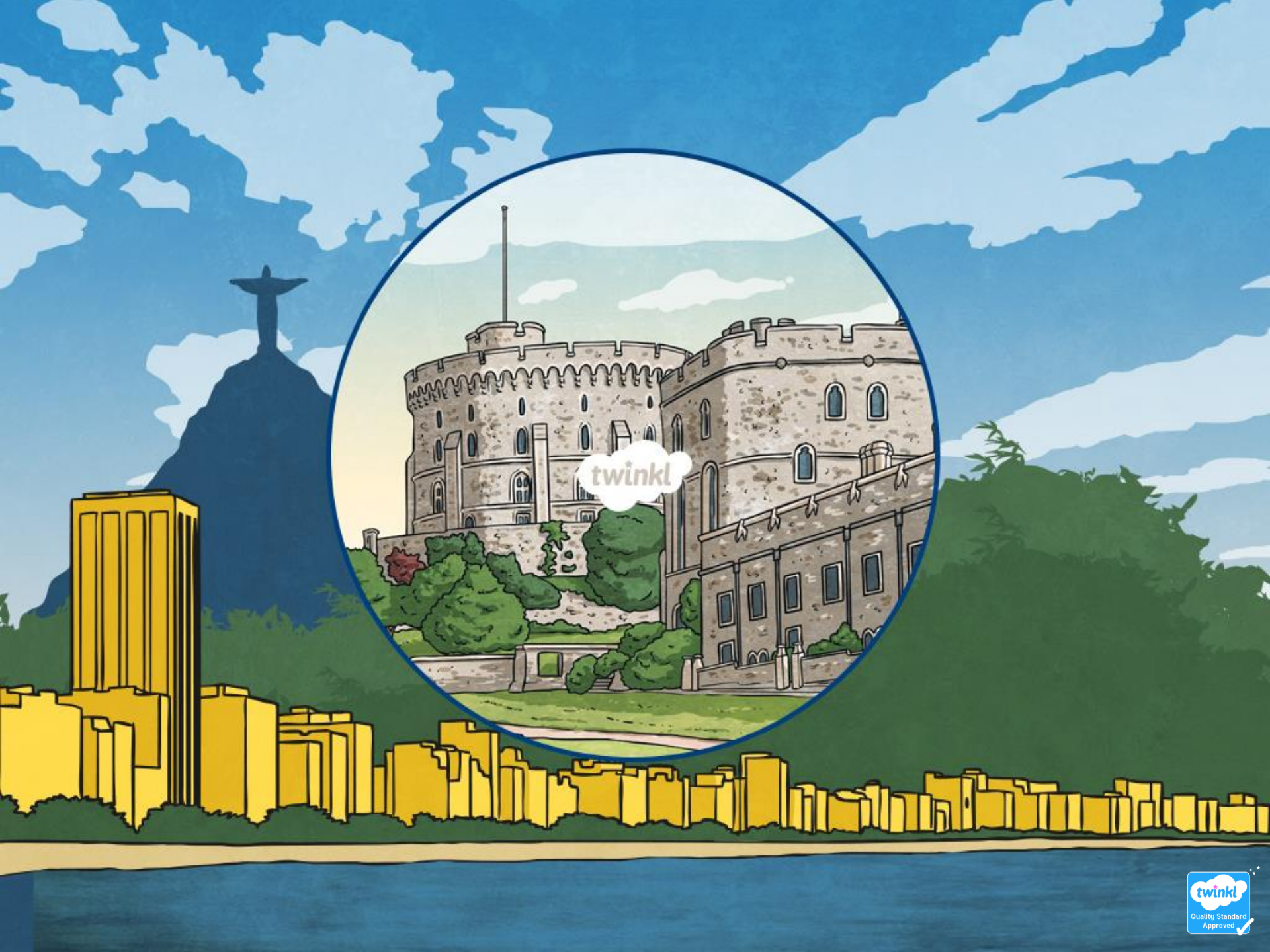
Amazon River

The Amazon River is the world's largest river by volume and is approximately 4000 miles long, making it one of the world's longest rivers.

There are no bridges over the Amazon River as there is no need for them because most of the river runs through the rainforest or unpopulated areas of Brazil.

The Amazon is home to the piranha and the anaconda, making it a pretty treacherous place for animals and livestock.












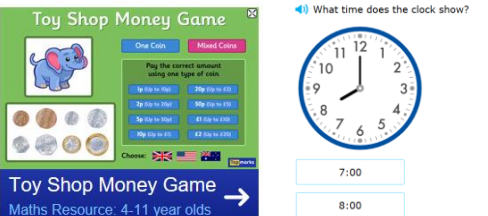





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Burlington Infants and Nursery School - KS1 - Year 1 and Year 2- Home Learning ideas

Some useful ideas and websites to help if you are learning from home (has been emailed too).

| Subject | Ideas - most are FREE! | Website link |
|---|--|---|
| All |  <p>Twinkl is now allowing parents free access at the moment. It is very useful, covers the whole curriculum and has downloadable resources.</p> | https://www.twinkl.co.uk/resources/parents  |
| All |  <p>All children in KS1 have a login for LGfL. Go to the KS1 Home learning page under Learning Resources to discover information and interactive resources.</p> | https://www.lgfl.net  |
| All | <p>Sign up to receive 30 free challenges, delivered straight to your inbox each weekday morning.</p>  | https://www.discoveryeducation.co.uk/what-we-offer/discovery-education-espresso/daily-challenge  |
| All | <p>BBC bitesize has lots of interactive resources for all subjects in KS1.</p>   | https://www.bbc.co.uk/bitesize/levels/z3g4d2p  |
| Science | <p>Explorify has lots of amazing science ideas and activities. You can sign up for free.</p>  | https://explorify.wellcome.ac.uk/  |
| English Reading Writing Grammar Phonics |  <p>CLPE is a resource that has fantastic suggestions for picture books and poetry.</p> | https://clpe.org.uk/powerofpictures/books-and-teaching-sequences  |

| | | |
|--|--|---|
| English Reading Writing Gramm- ar Phonics Cont.... | <p>Phonics Play has lots of interactive resources and games. They are now offering free access to parents. Year 1 covers phases 2 to 5 and Year 2 moves onto phase 6</p>  | <p>https://www.phonicsplay.co.uk/ParentsMenu.htm</p>  |
| | <p>The Literacy Shed has fantastic short films that you can watch and then retell the stories verbally or in writing.</p>  | <p>https://www.literacyshed.com/the-ks1-shed.html</p>  |
| | <p>Teach Your Monster to read has a website and App. Where you can read books on line and play phonics games.</p>  | <p>https://www.teachyourmonstertoread.com/</p>  |
| | <p>Oxford Owl has books to read on-line and lots of phonics ideas and resources.</p>  | <p>https://www.oxfordowl.co.uk/for-home/</p>  |
| Maths | <p>Top Marks has lots of on-line maths games.</p>  | <p>https://www.topmarks.co.uk/</p>  |
| | <p>If you have a mathletics subscription you can use this too.</p>  | <p>https://www.mathletics.com/uk/</p>  |
| | <p>ICT games has lots of on-line maths games.</p>  | <p>https://www.ictgames.com/mobilePage/</p>  |